# -Loves-Me-NOT

# Implementation guide 2020

# Implementation guide for schools

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# Foreword

Having a great relationship is an awesome thing if it helps you to be bigger and better than you can be on your own.

Young people are on an educative journey to having great relationships. Part of learning is avoiding making mistakes. Some mistakes in relationships may be regretted and some may have a long-term negative impact on a person's life.

Education about relationships involves:

- identifying and aspiring to great relationships
- recognising when things aren't going right
- identifying societal mores that perpetuate abusive behaviours in relationships
- understanding the law in relation to sexual consent
- having the skills and strategies to deal with negative, unhealthy and abusive behaviours in relationships as any combination of perpetrator, victim or bystander.

Relationship abuse is a pattern of abusive and coercive behaviours inflicted by a person who wants power and control over another person.

Over time abuse in relationships tends to escalate and erodes the victim's confidence to such a degree that getting help and/or getting out can be difficult and dangerous.

Abuse in relationships and sexual assault occurs in all communities, regardless of their ethnic, socioeconomic, geographic, or religious make-up.

# **Part A: Introduction**

# Who is this guide for?

This guide is for:

- schools to implement Loves-Me-Not in a whole-school approach
- Police to provide community support and leadership for Loves-Me-Not
- NGOs to ensure consistency of delivery of the workshop.

It provides a workshop planning process, a student inquiry learning process, and guidance on how to apply a whole-school approach.

## What is Loves-Me-Not?

Loves-Me-Not is a whole-school approach to prevent abusive behaviour in relationships. It is based on a student inquiry learning process, where students take action (personal action, effective bystander action and community action) to prevent harm from relationship abuse

Loves-Me-Not includes a one-day workshop in which year 12 and/or 13 students discuss abusive behaviour in relationships. This workshop is designed to be held with groups of 25 students and a team of facilitators, who must include school staff, Police staff, and NGO/community sector specialists (with at least one facilitator being male). This composition is a fundamental principle of the Loves-Me-Not workshop.

## Aim of Loves-Me-Not

Loves-Me-Not aims to:

- assist schools that are seeking to support student well-being through a whole-school approach
- encourage and empower young people to absolutely reject abuse in relationships
- encourage young people to be safe and active bystanders who take action against unhealthy relationships
- encourage young people to take a stand against myths in society that perpetuate relationship violence
- help young people know who they can go to in their community to seek advice and support if they need it as either victims or perpetrators
- encourage young people to contribute to, or create a wider community response so as to encourage others to accept only healthy relationships.

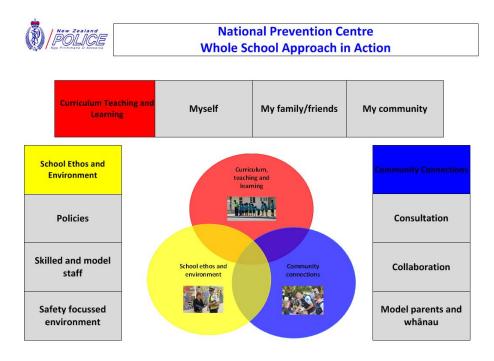
# Key messages of Loves-Me-Not

- Abuse is never OK in our school or with our students.
- I can recognise signs of healthy and unhealthy relationships.
- As a bystander I can recognise the signs of an unhealthy relationship.
- As a bystander I can take action when I recognise signs of an unhealthy relationship.
- Only "yes" means "yes" for consenting to sexual acts.
- I have to be aware of the other person's state when asking for consent to sex and/or sexual acts.
- I can speak up and get help for others.
- It's not OK to be abusive in a relationship.
- It's OK to ask for help.

# Loves-Me-Not: A whole-school approach to healthy relationships

Loves-Me-Not's learning activities should operate within a whole-school approach. There are various models of whole-school approaches. This implementation guide uses the following model advocated by Police. However, a school may prefer to use their own or another whole-school approach model.

This model has three inter-related categories (shown in the coloured circles and boxes below), each of which has three components (shown in the grey boxes). A thorough implementation of Loves-Me-Not will usually include all nine components.



### School ethos and environment

### Policies

The school's procedures on disclosure of relationship abuse, sexual violence and sexual harassment are current and in place. They may be incorporated within policies for 'NAG 5: safe physical and emotional environment', wellbeing, behaviour management, disclosure or student support.



### **Skilled staff**

Staff members are provided with the opportunity through training to facilitate the Loves-Me-Not workshop. They are all aware of the relevant school policies.

All staff, whether involved in the facilitation of the workshop or not, are kept informed about Loves-Me-Not, advised how it can be supported across learning areas (see pages 18-19), and reminded about the school's abuse disclosure policies and procedures.

### Safety focused environment

The school reviews the physical and social environment to minimise opportunities for abuse, eg:

- increased natural surveillance, clear out-of-bounds areas, and clearly marked entrance and exits
- well maintained buildings and grounds
- effective peer mediation and peer support structures.

### **Community connections**

### Consultation

The school consults with family/whānau and students about the place of relationship education within the school curriculum. Note that Section 60B of the Education Act 1989, as amended by the Education Standards Act 2001, outlines the legal requirements for state schools to consult with their community over health education, which includes relationship education.



### Collaboration

The school is aware of and partners with community organisations that are relevant and capable of supporting the school to achieve safe physical and emotional environments for their students. This should include the Police and NGOs involved in the Loves-Me-Not workshop.

### Parents and whanau

Parents and whānau are informed about the Loves-Me-Not workshop within the school curriculum, and their participation is encouraged, so that they can:

- know what the school is doing to promote confident, connected, lifelong learning for healthy relationships
- know how the school deals with disclosures of abusive behaviours
- reinforce the learning provided through Loves-Me-Not for example, across other curriculum areas and peer support programmes
- learn more about relationship abuse and sexual assault, its signs, and the myths that contribute to the perpetuation of abuse in our society
- know how to support their child if they raise alarms about relationship abuse and/or sexual assault, and where to get the necessary help
- learn about the community agencies that support victims, perpetrators, and bystanders to take action to stop relationship abuse.

### Curriculum teaching and learning

An outcome of the Loves-Me-Not workshop is for students to take action through a student inquiry learning process for:

- **myself** how students can take action to prevent being affected by relationship abuse as a perpetrator or a victim
- **my family/friends** how students can take action for the safety of their friends and family as effective bystanders
- **my community** by empowering students to take action to influence the school community and/or wider community to prevent relationship abuse.

The school may also consider including learning activities related to promoting positive behaviours in relationships in different subjects/learning areas, for example:

- English lessons based on relevant stories such as My Leanne, by Patricia Grace
- mathematics and statistics, using analysis of victim or offender statistics to tell a story about abusive behaviour in relationships
- review of the school environment, using Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles
- training programmes for senior students for peer support and/or peer mediation
- art and media studies analysing portrayal of gender and relationship roles (e.g. see achievement standard 91250 assessment resource).



# Loves-Me-Not: A student inquiry learning process

Loves-Me-Not can provide the opportunity for students to take action through a six-step process based on an <u>action competence learning model</u>

Steps	Sample learning experiences to select from
Gather	Students gather data and question personal assumptions through the Loves-Me-Not
data	workshop. For example, students may ask:
	What is a healthy and an unhealthy relationship?
	Why do they want to be in a relationship?
	<ul> <li>What are the different types of abuse that may occur in relationships?</li> </ul>
	What are the main risks of being in an unhealthy relationship?
Develop	Students brainstorm a range of actions they can take. For example:
options	<ul> <li>to ensure their friends and family are safe in their significant relationships</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>to influence their school (school culture) so that relationship abuse does not occur.</li> </ul>
	For examples of actions, see Section 6.1 of the Workshop Manual.
Select	Students compare the different brainstormed options by using different measures. For
options	example, measures might consider which actions:
	are easiest to complete
	are the most effective
	are going to influence most people
	will have the most convincing message
	can be taken in the available timeframe
	can be taken with the available money.
	Students decide on:
	• the action(s) that they will take to achieve their goal of a community in which people can
	have healthy relationships free from abuse
	<ul> <li>how they will know whether the actions they will take have made a difference.</li> </ul>
Plan	Students decide and record (see Copysheet: <b>Be the change – planning template</b> ):
actions	how they will carry out the action
	<ul> <li>what small sub-actions need to be taken</li> </ul>
	who will do these sub-actions
	when they will be done.
Carry	Students carry out the steps/tasks stated in the plan.
out	
actions	
Reflect	Students reflect on how well the action achieved its goal (see Copysheet: Be the change –
and	planning template). For example, they could consider how well the action:
transfer	<ul> <li>encouraged people to think about the quality of their relationships</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>encouraged people to think critically about ideas of gender and violence</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>influenced people to communicate with honesty and consent in a relationship</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>encouraged people to seek help when their relationship was not healthy</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>encouraged people to become active bystanders.</li> </ul>
	Students may transfer their learning by identifying other issues that affect the safety of
	young people (for example, drug abuse, road crashes) and what actions they can take to
	address these issues.

# Part B: Implementing Loves-Me-Not



### Summarised implementation steps and timeframes

Steps	Actions	Summary of tasks	Timeframe
Step one	Agree to partner	<ul> <li>School leadership and Police leadership agree to commence process to implement Loves- Me-Not.</li> <li>Police confirms their LMN coordinator.</li> <li>School confirms their LMN coordinator.</li> <li>Initial scoping meeting between LMN coordinators on how LMN will be delivered in a whole-school approach, and to set a date for the workshop.</li> </ul>	Ideally at least 4 months before LMN commences
Step two	Register for workshop	<ul> <li>Complete Registration Form (download from the <u>School Portal</u>) and email to <u>schools@police.govt.nz</u></li> </ul>	
Step three	Review school procedures (whole-school approach in action)	<ul> <li>Review school policies and procedures related to disclosure of abuse and pastoral care.</li> <li>Progress through BOT for endorsement (if required).</li> </ul>	At least 4 months before LMN commences
Step four	Coordinate supporting activities (whole- school approach in action)	<ul> <li>Identify and plan supporting whole-school approach activities, such as:</li> <li>cross-curriculum lessons (see pages 19-20)</li> <li>curriculum for student well-being and relationship education (e.g. Health Education)</li> <li>PB4L-SW activities</li> <li><u>Mates and Dates</u></li> <li>Peer Support programme.</li> </ul>	At least 3 months before LMN commences
Step five	Plan workshop	<ul> <li>Identify number of classes required.</li> <li>Identify number of facilitators (school staff, Police, NGO), and select them.</li> <li>Identify rooms and timetable.</li> <li>Identify AV technology in each room.</li> </ul>	At least 2 months before the LMN workshop
Step six	Prepare workshop material	<ul> <li>Download and edit workshop manual from the <u>School Portal</u></li> <li>Identify options to be used.</li> <li>Photocopy lesson plans for each facilitator.</li> <li>Photocopy necessary handouts.</li> <li>Source flipcharts.</li> </ul>	At least 1 month before the LMN workshop

Step seven	Train all facilitators	<ul> <li>Run a training workshop where facilitators: <ul> <li>review guide for facilitators</li> <li>view and discuss video <u>Whole school</u> <u>approach</u> (YouTube)</li> <li>go through the full programme together</li> <li>identify parts each facilitator is responsible for</li> <li>complete the facilitator planning guide (see pages 22-23)</li> <li>clarify timekeeping responsibility</li> <li>clarify any skills training for facilitators, such as running continuums, role play, debriefing.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Consider inviting some students to co-design with staff, and to form a students' LMN Committee.</li> </ul>	1-2 weeks before the LMN workshop
Step eight	Inform all staff and parents (whole-school approach in action)	<ul> <li>Explain purpose and process of the workshop and potential implications (e.g. disclosures to trusted staff) at a staff meeting.</li> <li>Communicate to parents through standard methods, e.g. website, newsletters.</li> <li>Share the link to the Loves-Me-Not parent video on the <u>School Portal</u>.</li> <li>Consider inviting parents to a consultation presentation.</li> </ul>	At least 1 week before the LMN workshop
Step nine	Deliver the Loves- Me-Not workshop	<ul> <li>Plan welcome for visitors.</li> <li>Ensure rooms and technology operational.</li> <li>Ensure guidance staff available for students.</li> <li>Consider providing kai for facilitators and students.</li> <li>Collect student feedback on the workshop.</li> </ul>	
Step ten	Debrief the workshop	<ul> <li>Facilitators review the workshop.</li> <li>School and Police LMN coordinators collate students' and facilitators' process evaluations (see pages 29-30) onto the Collated Evaluations Form (available on the <u>School</u> <u>Portal</u>), and send to <u>schools@police.govt.nz</u></li> </ul>	Within 1 week after the LMN workshop
Step eleven	Support and promote student- led action	<ul> <li>Encourage students to initiate the student-led actions they identified in Focus Area 6.1.</li> <li>Support and promote the planned student-led actions.</li> </ul>	1 month after the LMN workshop
Step twelve	Complete impact evaluation	<ul> <li>Gather impact evaluations from a random sample of students and teachers (see page 31-32) and send collated evaluations to <u>schools@police.govt.nz</u></li> </ul>	4 months after LMN is completed

# **Detailed implementation tasks**

### Step one

### School consultation

School consultation would ideally occur toward the end of a school year or early in the new school year, but ideally at least 4 months before Loves-Me-Not commences.

- The school principal agrees to include Loves-Me-Not in the school timetable.
- A school Loves-Me-Not coordinator is allocated (e.g. HOD Health, guidance counselor, deputy/assistant principal, dean).
- The school accesses the following documentation from the Police <u>School Portal</u>:
  - o FAQ guide
  - o Loves-Me-Not implementation guide
  - Loves-Me-Not workshop manual.

### **Police consultation**

When supporting Loves-Me-Not, Police consultation will usually take place between the Police Family Violence Coordinators (FVC), Child Protection Teams (CPT), Criminal Investigation Branch (CIB), and the School Community Officers (SCOs).

- District/Area Prevention Managers agree to deploy police staff to support LMN in a school.
- They agree on who will be the Police Loves-Me-Not coordinator in their area/district.
- The SCO will ideally be part of the Police team implementing the workshop, and will also work with the school to support the whole-school approach.
- FVC will ideally be part of the Police team implementing the workshop. They are aware of NGOs through the local Family Violence Network. The FVC will seek expressions of interest from NGOs to be LMN facilitators.
- CIB and CPT, as Police staff dealing with disclosures, should be called on for the training session to talk with the facilitators and discuss any current issues in the community.

### Initial scoping meeting

Police LMN coordinator and school LMN coordinator agree on:

- components of the whole-school approach that will be implemented to support the workshop
- the approach to planning the Loves-Me-Not workshop, including delivery date (consideration may be given to dividing the workshop into sessions on different days if facilitators are available, so teachers can follow up after each session this will require re-focusing for each session).

### Meeting topics include:

- deciding which students will take part, e.g. some smaller schools may include year 13 students
- reviewing school policies, e.g. procedures for student disclosure of abusive relationships
- communication to all staff about revised policies and how they can support Loves-Me-Not
- communication about Loves-Me-Not to students and parents
- identifying the NGOs to be invited to support the workshop
- completion of the Registration Form (available on the <u>School Portal</u>).

# Step two

### **Register for Loves-Me-Not**

Submit the completed Registration Form (available on the School Portal) to: schools@police.govt.nz

# Step three

### **Review school policies**

The school should review any school policy that relates to disclosure of relationship abuse and progress through BOT for endorsement (if necessary).

The procedures within these policies should be developed and communicated to all staff, as students may disclose to any staff member, not just the ones facilitating Loves-Me-Not.

Specific advice is available from <u>Relationship Education Programmes: Guide for Schools</u>. Example of procedures are provided on page 26.

# Step four

### Coordinate supporting activities (whole-school approach in action)

Identify and plan supporting whole-school approach activities, such as:

- cross-curriculum lessons (see NCEA examples on pages 19-20)
- curriculum for student well-being and relationship education (eg. Health Education)
- PB4L-SW activities
- Mates and Dates
- Peer Support programme.

# Step five

### Allocate workshop venues and students

- Venues for the full day should all have access to the internet, a sound system, a projector, a computer, a whiteboard, flipchart paper, and pens.
- Class groups are divided into 25 students. Feedback from previous Loves-Me-Not workshops has provided two alternative ways of doing this:
  - Either consider different groupings from a normal school day. If possible, avoid having known relationships in the same group.
  - Or group students who are more familiar with each other, and aim to have teachers work with their own students where possible.

### **Select facilitators**

- Selection of school staff is based on interest in the workshop topic, rapport with students, influence to empower students to change their environment, and function as positive role models relating to the kaupapa.
- Selection of Police staff is based on training, experience, and interest in the workshop.
- Selection of NGOs is based on recommendations by Police's Family Violence Coordinator and the school, as well as their training, experience, and interest in the workshop.

When choosing the team of facilitators, consider the demographics of the student population. This will include factors such as gender balance, age balance, confidence in delivering the material, and ethnicity. It is expected that **each class will have a least one male facilitator**.

Consider how to ensure the sustainability of NGO and other facilitator availability for future Loves-Me-Not workshops. The three-person delivery team is a key feature of the Loves-Me-Not approach, as it combines the three different sets of competencies to ensure effective delivery.

### Step six

### Prepare workshop resources

Decide who will do this task (school, Police, NGO) based on who may have the capacity to do the job.

Download the Word version of the manual from the <u>School Portal</u>, and edit it to suit how the workshop will be delivered in the school.

The lesson plans all take two pages each, so that the school can easily re-arrange them to suit the needs of their students, or for their chosen method of delivery (for example, they may wish to do the workshop over a number of days, or address some focus areas outside the workshop).

However, the order of starting from a healthy relationship, rather than launching straight into unhealthy relationships, should be preserved.

The school should carefully consider how to deliver Focus Area 6 so that genuine student-led action can result.

They may also wish to add icebreakers and energisers.

Photocopy one manual (edited if necessary) for each facilitator. Also photocopy sufficient copysheets for the activities, or collate them into a workbook.

A school-specific handout of local support agencies' contact details could be developed to hand out during Focus Area 4.3.

### Step seven

### **Facilitator training**

This minimum half-day session is essential for consistency of delivery. It should occur about a week or two before the workshop date to:

- go through each activity in the workshop manual (edited if necessary)
- allocate facilitators to different learning activities see the facilitator planning guide
- ensure that all resources are prepared before the workshop.

Before the training session, make sure each facilitator has read the Loves-Me-Not workshop manual, the LMN PowerPoint with the embedded videos, and this implementation guide.

During the session, show and discuss the video <u>Whole school approach</u> (YouTube).

Consider bringing in some student leads in as well, so they can co-design with staff right from the planning stage. They could perhaps form a students' LMN Committee.

If the school has done Loves-Me-Not before, or there is a nearby school that has done so, consider inviting previous facilitators and students from that school so that your facilitators can learn from their experience.

**Important:** Lack of preparation was the most quoted fault by facilitators in their 2019 evaluations. Shortening the training, not having all facilitators attend the training, or having the training too close to the workshop are all likely to have a detrimental effect on what students get out of Loves-Me-Not.

# Step eight

### Inform all staff and parents

- Hold a whole-of-staff meeting where the school and Police LMN coordinators discuss:
  - o the impact of relationship abuse on the school community
  - the structure of the LMN workshop using the video <u>Loves-Me-Not for Parents</u> and/or <u>Whole</u> <u>School Approach</u>.
  - $\circ$   $\,$  what the school currently does to build healthy relationships
  - $\circ$   $\,$  the school policy and procedures for any staff member who receives a disclosure
  - $\circ$   $\,$  how different subjects can include lessons about positive behaviours into their curriculum.
- Communicate to parents, for example via the website or newsletters, including a link to the video <u>Loves-Me-Not for Parents</u>. Consider running a whānau hui or parent consultation meeting to show them the above video.

# Step nine

### Workshop day(s)

Steps to be considered include:

- ensuring venues are set up and all resources available
- providing a general introduction to students (e.g. class assembly, whakatau) to describe the day and timetable, Loves-Me-Not room allocation, expectations of the school, referral room
- arranging the pastoral team are available to respond to any disclosures
- ensuring a clear closure for the day, with 'next action steps' for students
- considering providing kai for the students and facilitators during the day
- debriefing the facilitators at the end of the day to share their experiences and gather evaluations.

# Step ten

### After the workshop

The school LMN coordinator, senior manager, and Police LMN coordinator meet to:

- collate the Student Process Evaluations and Facilitator Process Evaluations
- complete a Collated Evaluations Form from <u>School Portal</u> and email it to <u>schools@police.govt.nz</u>
- integrate evaluation findings with plans for operating Loves-Me-Not again in the future.

### Step eleven

### In the weeks after the workshop

Encourage students to initiate the student-led actions they identified in Focus Area 6.1. Provide opportunities for students to turn their planned activities into real-life actions. This could be done through a student inquiry process, as suggested on page 7 of this guide.

### Step twelve

### At least four months after Loves-Me-Not is completed

Have a random sample of students and teachers complete the Student Impact Evaluation and Teacher Impact Evaluation forms (see pages 30-31), and send them to schools@police.govt.nz.

# Part C: Information and resources to implement Loves-Me-Not

# **National Administration Guideline 5**

Each Board of Trustees is required to provide a safe physical and emotional environment for students and comply in full with legislation currently in force or that may be developed to ensure the safety of students and employees.

# Loves-Me-Not in The New Zealand Curriculum

This section describes Loves-Me-Not as it relates to the vision, principles, values, key competencies, learning areas and effective pedagogy in *The New Zealand Curriculum* (2007).

### Vision

The vision of The New Zealand Curriculum is for young people to be confident, connected, actively involved and lifelong learners.

(The New Zealand Curriculum, p. 8)

The vision of *The New Zealand Curriculum* is incorporated throughout Loves-Me-Not by promoting: self-identity, resilience, communication skills, critical and creative thinking, informed decision making and active contribution to the well-being of New Zealand.

### Principles

The principles of *The New Zealand Curriculum* embody beliefs about what is important and desirable in a school curriculum.

(The New Zealand Curriculum, p. 9)

The principles of *The New Zealand Curriculum* that are significantly promoted through Loves-Me-Not include:

- community engagement, through including wider community agencies
- inclusion, through accepting and promoting students' identity
- a future focus, through exploring citizenship and contributing to the well-being of New Zealand.

### Values

Values are deeply held beliefs about what is important or desirable. They are expressed through the ways in which people think and act. Every decision relating to curriculum and every interaction that takes place in a school reflects the values of the individuals involved and the collective values of the institution.

(The New Zealand Curriculum, p. 10)

The key values of *The New Zealand Curriculum* that are most obviously promoted through Loves-Me-Not are:

- community and participation for the common good
- integrity, which involves being honest, responsible and accountable, and acting ethically
- students' respect for themselves, others, and human rights.

Through learning experiences in Loves-Me-Not, students will learn about:

- their own values and those of others
- different kinds of values, such as moral, social, cultural, aesthetic, and economic values
- the values on which New Zealand's cultural and institutional traditions and myths are based.

Through learning experiences in Loves-Me-Not, students will develop their ability to:

- express their own values
- explore, with empathy, the values of others
- discuss disagreements that arise from differences in values and negotiate solutions
- make ethical decisions and act on them.

### **Key competencies**

People use the key competencies to live, learn, work, and contribute as active members of their communities ... Opportunities to develop the competencies occur in social contexts. People adopt and adapt practices that they see used and valued by those closest to them, and they make these practices part of their own identity and expertise.

(The New Zealand Curriculum, p. 12)

The key competencies from *The New Zealand Curriculum* that are most obviously promoted through Loves-Me-Not are:

• Managing self:

Students who manage themselves are enterprising, resourceful, reliable, and resilient.

• Relating to others:

The ability to listen actively, recognise different points of view, negotiate, and share ideas - students who relate well to others ... are aware of how their words and actions affect others.

• Participating and contributing:

Being actively involved in communities – these include family, whānau, and school and those based, for example, on a common interest or culture. Students who participate and contribute in communities have a sense of belonging and the confidence to participate within new contexts. They understand the importance of balancing rights, roles, and responsibilities and of contributing to the quality and sustainability of social, cultural, physical, and economic environments.

### Learning areas

The learning associated with Loves-Me-Not is part of a broad, balanced, and general education. Loves-Me-Not aligns with the Health and Physical Education learning area from *The New Zealand Curriculum*. Achievement objectives can be best drawn from Levels 5–6 under:

- Strand A: safety management
- Strand C: relationships; identity, sensitivity and respect
- Strand D: societal attitudes and values; community resources; and rights, responsibilities, and laws.

Loves-Me-Not incorporates the four underlying concepts of the Health and Physical Education learning area – for example:

- well-being, hauora (all aspects): analysing own values and attitudes to relationship abuse
- health promotion: sharing ideas about a school and community that promote healthy relationships
- the socio-ecological perspective: identifying societal myths and media influences on attitudes towards relationship abuse and unhealthy relationships
- attitudes and values: developing positive attitudes to personal, peer and societal safety to promote healthy relationships.

# Loves-Me-Not and New Zealand qualifications

The topic of healthy relationships and relationship abuse is a useful context for learning within a broad range of subjects/learning areas.

### Assessment from the Health Education domain

A range of sample assessment material for Health is provided on TKI from: <u>https://ncea.tki.org.nz/Resources-for-Internally-Assessed-Achievement-Standards/Health-and-physical-education/Health-education</u>

Here are some examples of how the assessment tasks could be modified to focus on healthy relationships and relationship abuse.

### Achievement standards NCEA Level 1

• **AS90971** Take action to enhance an aspect of personal well-being.

### Assessment task - Relationships take work

An assessment activity that requires students to take action to enhance an aspect of their wellbeing by planning, implementing, and evaluating a SMART health-related, action plan to strengthen a relationship they have with someone.

http://ncea.tki.org.nz/content/download/3392/10887/file/health1\_1A\_v2\_nov12.docan aspect of personal well-being

Due to the sensitive nature of abusive relationship, this assessment task is likely to focus on healthy relationships and improving a relationship, rather than addressing an abusive relationship.

### Assessment task - Enhancing my wellbeing

An assessment activity that requires students to take action to enhance an aspect of their personal well-being by planning, implementing, and evaluating a SMART action plan to achieve a personal health-related goal.

http://ncea.tki.org.nz/content/download/3393/10890/file/health1\_1B\_v2\_nov12.doc

Due to the sensitive nature of abusive relationship, this assessment task is likely to focus on goals towards improving a relationship (e.g. boyfriend or girlfriend) rather than addressing an abusive relationship. The goal may be improving the use of effective interpersonal skills or increasing the use of assertive behaviours.

• **AS91097:** Demonstrate understanding of ways in which well-being can change and strategies to support well-being.

### Assessment task - Onwards and upwards

An assessment activity that requires students to understand the effects of change on the wellbeing of the characters involved in the scenario, their consequent feelings (positive and negative) and possible responses; along with strategies to support their well-being during the change. <u>http://ncea.tki.org.nz/content/download/3394/10893/file/health1\_3A\_v2\_nov12.doc</u>

The scenario provided could be modified to a scenario that shows changes in a relationship that begins to include abusive behaviours.

• AS90973 Demonstrate understanding of interpersonal skills used to enhance relationships

### Assessment task - Putting Things Right Again

An assessment activity that requires students to explain how interpersonal skills can enhance relationships, and how well the students are able to apply the use of effective listening and assertiveness skills. Critical explanations make explicit links between the components of skills and how these enhance relationships in one of the scenarios provided.

http://ncea.tki.org.nz/content/download/3396/10899/file/health1\_4A\_v2\_nov12.doc

The scenarios could use the five scenarios in Loves-Me-Not rather than the examples provided in the assessment task.

### Assessment task - Making a relationship work

An assessment activity that requires students to explain how interpersonal skills can enhance relationships, and how well the students are able to apply the use of effective listening and assertiveness skills. Critical explanations make explicit links between the components of skills and how these enhance relationships in the developed scenario/s.

http://ncea.tki.org.nz/content/download/3397/10902/file/health1\_4B\_v2\_nov12.doc

Students could develop a scenario similar to those discussed during Loves-Me-Not.

### Achievement standards NCEA Level 2

• **AS91237** Take action to enhance an aspect of people's well-being within the school or wider community 4 credits.

### Assessment task - Our Mentally Healthy School

This assessment activity requires students to take action to promote an aspect of mental and emotional well-being in their school community by planning, implementing and evaluating a plan for health promoting action that aligns with the principles of, or implements aspects of, the Health Promoting Schools framework.

https://ncea.tki.org.nz/content/download/3402/10917/file/health2\_3A\_v2\_jan15.docx

Students could plan, implement and evaluate a health promotion plan to enhance healthy relationships.

# Sample of relationship abuse contexts in Level 1 achievement standards from other subjects

Level 1				
Subject	Std number	Standard title	Current task theme	Sample context to focus student learning on positive relationships
Drama	90009	Perform an acting role in a scripted production	Act in a scripted play	Provide specific examples of scripted play based on relationships – see examples from http://www.playmarket.org.nz/
English	90052	Produce creative writing	Writing about conflict and resolution	Students produce scenarios of conflict for example bullying, relationship abuse, family violence
English	90052	Produce creative writing	Personal news starters	Students produce news starters about dealing with conflict – e.g. bullying, relationship abuse, family violence
English	90053	Produce formal writing	Opinion writing	Students write opinion pieces of relationship issues in New Zealand – e.g., date rape, bullying
Mathematics	91030	Apply measurement in solving problems	Measuring water	Students use crime statistics to identify implications of family violence in New Zealand
Media Studies	90993	Produce a design and plan for a media product using a specified range of conventions	Create an advertisement	Students create an advertisement based on promoting successful relationships or ethical bystanders behaviour
Media Studies	90993	Produce a design and plan for a media product using a specified range of conventions	Create an instructional video	Students create an instructional video of how to maintain successful relationships
Media Studies	90996	Write media texts for a specific target audience	Create a portfolio and media articles	Students create a portfolio and media articles focusing on safer communities
Social Studies	91040	Conduct a social inquiry	Explore an organisation with social justice focus	Students could explore New Zealand Police as a human rights organisation
Social Studies	91043	Describe a social justice and human rights action	Taking action generic	Student prepare examples of action they could take to promote successful relationships

Level 1

# Sample of relationship abuse contexts in Level 2 achievement standards from other subjects

Level 2				
Subject	Std number	Standard title	Current task theme	Sample context to focus student learning on positive relationships
Drama	91220	Script a scene suitable for drama performance	Ideas for creating a script	Students script a scene based on scenarios from the Loves-Me-Not workshop
Economics	91227	Analyse how government policies and contemporary economic issues interact	Comparing economic policies	Students develop economic rationalism for policies that reduce incarceration as a result of relationship/family violence
English	91103	Create a crafted and controlled visual and verbal text	From written text to visual text	Students create presentations (PPT, flash) that incorporate text based around themes of successful relationships
Mathematics	91263	Design a questionnaire	Caffeine	Students design a question about young people rights and responsibility towards successful relationships
Mathematics	91266	Evaluate a statistically based report	Statistics in the media	Students evaluate reports on family violence available from New Zealand Police.
Media Studies	91255	Write developed media text for a specific target audience	Writing a feature article for a magazine	Students write an article about relationship abuse for the school website or a youth publication
Media Studies	91250	Demonstrate understanding of representation in the media	What a girl wants (doc) – how teenage girls are represented in the media	Using media film from Loves-Me Not (1.5) students consider how this representation contributes to relationship abuse and what action they can take to prevent abuse.
Physical Education	91334	Consistently demonstrate social responsibility through applying a social responsibility model in physical activity	Applying Hellison's social responsibility model	Students describe how this model can be developed from a physical activity context to a social context – e.g. bullying, family violence
Social Studies	91280	Conduct a reflective social inquiry	Social inquiry of community solution	Students conduct a social inquiry into relationship abuse in both face-to-face and online relationships
Social Studies	91282	Describe personal involvement in a social action related to rights and responsibilities	Support SurfAid	Students participate in support for Victim Support and explore rights and responsibilities
Technology	91354	Undertake brief development to address an issue	A brief of a product for around the home	Students develop a brief for a specific safety issue – e.g. online safety, relationship abuse

# Guide for workshop facilitators

The team of workshop facilitators includes school staff, Police staff, and NGO/community sector specialists (with at least one facilitator being male). This composition is a fundamental principle of the Loves-Me-Not workshop.

Facilitators have an important role in modelling respect, integrity, accountability, and responsibility to the students.

Facilitators must:

- complete the facilitator training in full before running the workshop
- use the resource materials in the intended way, and without adding other material (this can compromise Loves-Me-Not's effectiveness and integrity)
- not use personal experiences related to sexual violence to highlight a point instead, re-frame the point as a question directed back to the students
- demonstrate respect, tolerance, and a respect for diversity
- follow the school's agreed lesson plan until they have completed the workshop at least three times (once this capability has been developed, facilitators may modify the lesson plan where changes reflect the identified needs/interests of the student participants)
- ensure personal values are not dominant, for example ensuring that they:
  - use language that embraces healthy relationships in a variety of sexual orientations, not just heterosexual
  - avoid gender stereotypes focus different behaviour traits on masculinity and femininity, rather than on male and female gender
  - avoid blame and labeling perpetrators as well as victims (both actual and potential) may gain a lot out of the day to prevent re-offending and re-victimisation.

### Facilitators' code of ethics

- 1. I will behave in a manner consistent with my position as a professional, and be a positive role model in the Loves-Me-Not workshop.
- 2. I will respect young people's differences, including their rights, culture, language, and beliefs.
- 3. I will not engage and collude in behaviour that may be disrespectful, degrading, exploitive, intimidating, emotionally damaging or harmful to participants in this workshop.
- 4. I will not allow my personal beliefs and world-views to influence students' opinions.
- 5. I will have an open mind to new learning.
- 6. I will use all course material provided, and not introduce new material into the Loves-Me-Not workshop, or use parts of the Loves-Me-Not workshop in other primary prevention programmes without consent from Police National Headquarters (email schools@police.govt.nz).
- 7. I will follow and support the approved school disclosure procedures.

# Loves-Me-Not workshop facilitator planning guide

Members of my facilitating team are:

Police Rep:	Phone:	Email:
Teacher:	Phone:	Email:
NGO Rep:	Phone:	Email:
•		

### Activity-specific timetable

Adapt the following information to suit your school's implementation of Loves-Me-Not.

Introductory activities		
1.1 Introduction	Facilitator:	( min)
1.2 Ground rules	Facilitator:	( min)

### Focus area 1: Your future relationship

In this focus area students will develop a trusted picture of an excellent relationship, and a sense of personal journey towards it.

1.1 A healthy relationship	Facilitator: ( min)
1.2 What makes a healthy relationship?	Facilitator: ( min)
<b>1.3</b> What influences my thinking?	Facilitator: ( min)

### Focus area 2: Barriers to a healthy relationship

In this focus area students will learn about negative behaviours that demonstrate increasing power and control in a relationship, and positive behaviours that increase equality.

2.1 Power and control	Facilitator:	( min)
2.2 Cycle of abuse	Facilitator:	( min)
2.3 Is that right?	Facilitator:	( min)

### Focus area 3: Consent - only 'yes' means 'yes'

In this focus area students will learn what active sexual consent is, and what damage caused by sexual assault.

3.1 What is consent?	Facilitator: (	min)
3.2 Consent scenarios	Facilitator: (	min)

### Focus area 4: Stepping up

In this focus area students will learn to appreciate the important role they have to help their friends to be aware and safe in their relationships.

4.1 Stepping in	Facilitator: (	min)
4.2 Should I step in?	Facilitator: (	_ min)
4.3 Who can help?	Facilitator: (	min)

### Focus area 5: Lashing out

In this focus area students will explore the reality of relationship violence in New Zealand, and how they can help themselves and others safely if a relationship becomes violent.

5.1 Relationship violence in NZ	Facilitator:	( min)
5.2 Sophie's story	Facilitator:	( min)

### Focus area 6: Be the change!

In this focus area students will explore positive actions they can take right now with their schools and communities to promote healthy relationships, and sum up the workshop.

6.1 Taking action	Facilitator:	( min)
6.2 Summing up	Facilitator:	( min)

### Important!

The above plan is aligned to the Workshop Manual. However, your school may choose to adjust this plan to suit its specific needs. For example, the school may choose to run the workshop component of Loves-Me-Not over one day or several days. Or to break up the sessions, the school may wish to insert appropriate icebreakers and energisers.

Be careful not to miss **Focus Area 6.1: Taking action** in which students plan actions they can take to reduce relationship abuse in their community. Student-led action as a result of the workshop is **crucial** to the success of Loves-Me-Not as a behaviour change programme. The video <u>Whole School</u> <u>Approach</u> may provide some inspiration for this.

# Ensuring a safe classroom environment during the workshop

Learning activities will be effective only when they take place in a safe physical and emotional environment in which all students feel that their contributions and experiences are accepted.

### Create a safe physical environment

- Set up the room with:
  - o desks and chairs set into groups of five
  - sufficient space for interactive activities.
- Ensure there are few interruptions arrange to switch off cell phones and other devices.
- Allow students to be up and active in the activities by doing as much as possible with them standing and walking, e.g. do continuum exercises outside if there is an appropriate space.

### Create a safe emotional environment

- Give students the opportunity during Activity 0.2 to brainstorm guidelines (ground rules) for the day.
- Have all students, all facilitators, and any visitors agree to abide by the guidelines.
- Display these guidelines so they can be viewed throughout the day.
- Demonstrate to the students that the guidelines are important, e.g. direct every person who enters the room throughout the day to read the guidelines.

### Maintain a safe environment

### **Student behavior**

- Be sensitive in your handling of disruptive, disrespectful, or difficult behaviours you don't know the reasons why someone is acting up, and Loves-Me-Not could be a difficult topic for some people.
- Do not embarrass students who act up.
- Approach them quietly about their behaviour.
- Direct their attention to ground rules from Activity 0.2 and give them the opportunity to correct themselves or to go to a referral room.

### **Student views**

- Avoid making negative responses, such as "That's incorrect" or "You're wrong".
- Consider and respect all young people's views the opinions of the students with opposing views may increase student engagement in an activity.
- Allow the discussion as young people come to their own learning, but just ensure that the interactions remain respectful.

### Vocabulary

• Set aside a place on the whiteboard for new words that may be new for some students to be displayed, so they can be explained. Examples of possible new words are: victim, assault, sexual violation, conviction, bystander, escalation, consent, and offender.

### Extend the learning beyond the Loves-Me-Not workshop

As a facilitator, your goal is not just about the workshop, but that students take action as a result.

- Encourage students during Focus Area 6 to take action to stop abuse.
- Have a facilitator, preferably a member of school staff, encourage and facilitate student-led action afterwards so as to further embed the messages of this workshop.

# Facilitator scenarios – dealing with difficult situations

Following are some situations you may face, with suggestions for dealing with each situation.

### Situation 1 – disrespectful classroom behaviour

A student is acting inappropriately – they are disrespectful towards other students' feedback or actively opposing or challenging the intent of the workshop.

### Possible responses

- Refer the student to the ground rules and confirm whether they are willing to abide by them.
- Listen actively. Active listening is a technique that ensures that you are not putting your own interpretation on what is being said. In some cultures it can involve maintaining eye contact with the speaker, showing with nods and brief comments that you are actually hearing what is being said, not interrupting or giving advice, and paraphrasing what the speaker is saying in order to clarify your own understanding.
- Find out more about the situation.
- Ask if the student is finding the information difficult, if they able to contribute their views in a more respectful way, or if they would like to step out for a break and come back a bit later.
- Refer the matter to the guidance counsellor or equivalent.

**Note:** We are often unaware of why students show disapproval toward other students and their ideas. Friendship dynamics may also be involved.

### Situation 2 – student personal disclosure

After one of the learning activities, a girl approaches you. She wants you to promise not to tell anyone what she is going to say.

### **Possible responses**

- Before the student discloses anything, be sure to tell her that you cannot promise not to tell someone if she or someone else is in danger. Reassure the student that you will support her regardless of what happens, if that is what she would like, or that you'll help her find someone else she can talk to.
- If the student discloses harm and there is immediate danger, follow the school procedures and advise the student of your obligation to report the danger immediately whenever possible, this needs to be done with the student as part of the process.
- If the student discloses harm and there is no immediate danger:
  - affirm her by expressing approval, warmth, support and acceptance, both verbally and by using body language. Reassure her that the abuse is not her fault.
  - ensure that she knows you must follow some compulsory school procedures about abuse, and let her know you have to refer the case to the appropriate person.
  - $\circ$  explain to her the steps will be taken to help her. If you don't know, tell her you are not sure but you will find out and get back to her. Don't make it up.
- If the student is 17 years or older and she does not wish to involve the designated person (e.g. guidance counsellor) in the school, the student's wish will stand. However to assist the school to support her through the challenging times ahead, please encourage the student by offering to accompany her if she tells the guidance counsellor. If the student would prefer you to do it, ask her what she would like you to tell the counsellor.

### Situation 3 – student bystander disclosure

After Loves-Me-Not has been in the school, students tell you (a school teacher) about a young boy who is the victim of assault from his girlfriend, but who won't tell anyone.

### **Possible responses**

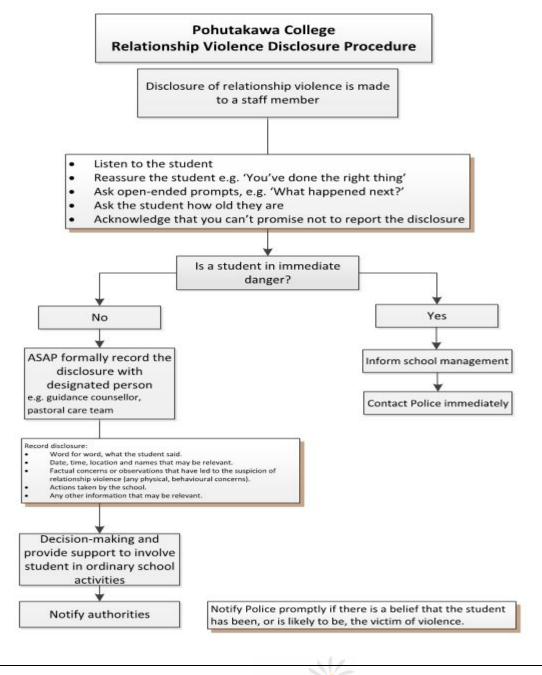
- Advise the students that they have done the right thing in telling you.
- Follow the school's disclosure policy.

### **Procedure for disclosures**

The school should have procedures for dealing with disclosures of relationship abuse. During the Loves-Me-Not training, all facilitators must be:

- made aware of these school procedures
- advised that the school's procedures for disclosures will be discussed with the students
- given guidance on how to act when a student discloses and what records to keep.

A typical school disclosure procedure might look something like this flowchart:



# Free e-book: Loves Me Not by Lesley Elliott

This free full-size e-book by William J. O'Brien and Lesley Elliott is for students doing Loves-Me-Not, or for anyone else interested in keeping relationships safe.

It describes the 2008 murder of Sophie Elliott by her former boyfriend and university lecturer, Clayton Weatherston, and how it became clear Sophie's murderer was a typical abuser who had a track record of treating partners badly.

The book includes advice and suggestions on how to identify problems, how to deal with them and where to seek help.

Also included is 'One for the Boys', a chapter written by well-known clinical psychologist and commentator, Nigel Latta, as well as a chapter written by school guidance counsellor, Gayna McConnell.

### • Free downloadable book (PDF, 3.9MB)

This book is also available free of charge on Amazon/Kindle, iTune/iBooks, and Kobo.

# Evaluation of Loves-Me-Not workshop

It is essential that Loves-Me-Not must be evaluated for:

- process (did the workshop go well, and did the students believe they learnt anything relevant)
- **impact** (did the whole school approach including the workshop actually lead to students making different decisions in their relationship behavior, or take any action to prevent relationship abuse).

**Process evaluations** consist of Student Process Evaluations (page 29) and Facilitator Process Evaluations (page 30), which are filled in at the end of the workshop.

Once these are filled in, collate the responses into the Collated Evaluations Form (available on the <u>School Portal</u>), and submit this form to Police National Headquarters (email <u>schools@police.govt.nz</u>) within one month of the workshop.

**Impact evaluations** consist of Student Impact Evaluations (page 31) and Facilitator Impact Evaluations (page 32) completed by a random selection of students and teachers at least four months after the workshop.

Collate and submit the responses to Police HQ (email <a href="mailto:schools@police.govt.nz">schools@police.govt.nz</a>).

Alternatively, impact evaluations can be done by way of a SurveyMonkey questionnaire. Links to this questionnaire will be provided by your Police facilitator.

The result of these evaluations will:

- influence how Loves-Me-Not is implemented in the future
- provide evidence as to the value of Loves-Me-Not as a tool to affect young people's lives.

## Student Process Evaluation (2020)

Г

Very easy	1	2	3	4	5	Very hard
	_			_		
2. How actively	/ were you i	nvolved in the l	earning activit	ies?		
Very active	1	2	3	4	5	Not very active
• •	•	oves-Me-Not, w an unhealthy/a	•		ely to act c	or speak up if
Much more lik	ely 1	2	3	4	5	Much less likely
4. How well do	you now kr	now the early sig	gns of abuse ir	a relationship	?	
Very well	1	2	3	4	5	Not at all
5. Having learn with is saying "		ual consent, how	w well are you	now able to er	nsure the	person you are
Very well	1	2	3	4	5	Not at all
6. How useful v unhealthy? Very useful	was today's 1	workshop to he <b>2</b>	lp you decide <b>3</b>	whether your i	relationsh <b>5</b>	ips are healthy or Not at all
very userui	L	2	5	4	5	NOT AT AII
7. How well wa	is the works	hop facilitated/	'led?			
Very well	1	2	3	4	5	Not very well
		of the worksho		orkshop next t	time?	

### Facilitator Process Evaluation – Loves-Me-Not workshop (2020)

Yes	No	Partly
t?		
Me-Not?		
and		
o the lives		
disclosures		
e questions, please tell	us what v	we
	t? Me-Not? and o the lives disclosures	t?  Me-Not?  and  o the lives

- 8. What were the most effective aspects of the Loves-Me-Not workshop?
- 9. What should be changed to enable you to better deliver the workshop?
- a.



### Student Impact Evaluation (2020)

(completed by several randomly selected students at least 4 months after Loves-Me-Not has finished)

1.	What school are you from?
2.	What term did your school run the Loves-Me-Not workshop in 2017?
3.	What were the main things you learned in the workshop?
4.	As a result of doing the workshop, did you have the opportunity to plan and take action in your school or wider community to prevent relationship abuse (eg a booth at a school fair, a production, producing posters etc)? Yes / No
	If yes, what actions and how did they go?
5.	As a result of doing the workshop, have you used anything you learnt in real life (eg in your own
	relationship, or with friends or family)? Yes / No If so (and if you are happy to say), what knowledge and skill did you use?
	Tick here if you want to talk to someone further if you have any questions or concerns arising from Loves-Me-Not, and provide a contact phone number and/or email address:
	Loves-Me-NOT
Im	plementation guide 2020 31

# **Teacher Impact Evaluation (2020)**

(Completed by several randomly selected teachers at least 4 months after Loves-Me-Not has finished)

- 1. What school are you from?
- 2. What term did your school run the Loves-Me-Not workshop?
- 3. Besides the workshop day itself, are you aware if your school undertook any of these 'whole school approach' activities, as described on pages 5-6 of the Loves-Me-Not *Implementation Guide*:

	(Y)es, (P)artly or (N)o:	Υ	Ρ	Ν
а	<b>Policies:</b> Did the school develop or review its procedures related to disclosure of relationship abuse, sexual violence, and sexual harassment?			
b	<b>Skilled staff:</b> Were school staff up-skilled about the school's disclosure policies and procedures?			
С	<b>Safety-focused environment:</b> Did the school review its physical or social environment for anything that provided opportunities for abuse (eg unclear out-of-bounds areas, ineffective peer mediation or lack of peer support structures).			
d	<b>Consultation:</b> Did the school consult with family/whānau and students about the place of relationship education within the school curriculum (eg during your health consultation)?			
e	<b>Collaboration:</b> Did the school collaborate with community organisations to support safe physical and emotional environments for their students?			
f	<b>Parents and whānau:</b> Did the school engage with parents and whānau to inform them about Loves-Me-Not, and what they can do to prevent relationship violence?			
g	<b>Curriculum teaching and learning:</b> Did the school extend on the workshop by subsequently using the topic of healthy relationships and relationship abuse as a context for learning in other learning areas?			

- 4. Overall, the two main aspects that will extend Loves-Me-Not from being just a 'one-off' event are:
  - a) Whole school approach: incorporating the workshop into a whole school approach incorporating some or all of the activities in question 3. Do you think this occurred? YES / NO

(If not, what prevented this from happening, or what could we do to ensure it occurs in future?)

b) Student-led action: providing opportunities for the students to take action themselves to influence their school and wider community to prevent abuse (eg stall at school fair, a production, setting up blog, posters). Do you think this occurred?

(If not, what prevented this from happening, or what could we do to ensure it occurs in future?)

 Behaviour change: As far as you are aware, has any of the learning from Loves-Me-Not been put into effect (eg in their own relationships, or with friends or family)?
 YES / NO

(Comment)

# Part D: Acknowledgements

The New Zealand Police would like to thank all those who were involved in the development of the Loves-Me-Not workshop.

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Stephanie Edmond	Projec
Jerusha King	Area N
Melanie Beres	Senior
John Hedges	Schoo
Anna Duncan	Schoo
Michelle Ferris	HoD H

Coordinator: Schools Advisor: Schools Senior Policy Advisor Child Case Manager Trustee Director/Producer Project Manager Area Manager Senior Lecturer School Community Officer School Community Officer HoD Health New Zealand Police New Zealand Police New Zealand Police New Zealand Police Sophie Elliott Foundation Unreal Films It's Not OK Campaign Family Planning New Zealand Otago University New Zealand Police New Zealand Police Health Education Association

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